



PUPIL PREMIUM POLICY

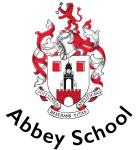
Abbey School

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Other relevant policies and documents

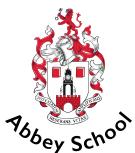
- Equality and Diversity Policy
- School Development Plan

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2. Aims

At Abbey School, we believe that the highest possible standards can only be achieved by having the highest expectations of all learners. Some pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds require additional support; therefore, we will use all the resources available to help them reach their full potential, including the pupil premium grant (PPG).

The PPG was created to provide funding for two separate policies:

- Raising the attainment of disadvantaged pupils
- Supporting pupils with parents in the armed forces

This policy outlines the amount of funding available, the school's strategy for spending the PPG effectively, and the procedures for ensuring the funding is allocated correctly.

3. Legislation and guidance

This policy has due regard to all relevant legislation and statutory guidance including, but not limited to, the following:

- Children Act 1989
- Equality Act 2010
- UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR)
- Data Protection Act 2018
- The School Information (England) Regulations 2008
- ESFA (2022) 'Pupil premium: allocations and conditions of grant 2022 to 2023'
- DfE (2018) 'Promoting the education of looked-after children and previously looked-after children'
- NCTL and the Teaching Schools Council (TSC) (2018) 'Effective pupil premium reviews'
- Education Endowment Foundation (EEF) (2019) 'The EEF Guide to Pupil Premium'
- National Minimum Standards Residential Special School – NMSRSS -
https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/1099750/NMS_RSS_23_08_22.pdf
- Social Care Common Inspection framework – SCCIF-
<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/social-care-common-inspection-framework-sccif-boarding-schools-and-residential-special-schools/social-care-common-inspection-framework-sccif-boarding-schools-and-residential-special-schools>



4. PPG Allocation

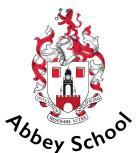
The school adopts the following definitions of PPG eligibility, in line with government expectations:

- Ever 6 FSM: pupils recorded as eligible for FSM, or have been recorded as eligible at any point in the last six years. This includes eligible children of families who have no recourse to public funds in the October 2021 census who have had a recorded period of FSM eligibility since January 2015, as well as those first recorded as eligible during October 2020.
- NRPF: pupils with no resource to public funds (NRPF) who are eligible for FSM under the extension to FSM eligibility, even if not recorded on the school census as eligible for FSM
- LAC and PLAC: pupils recorded as in the care of an English LA, or pupils recorded as having been looked after by an English or Welsh LA immediately prior to adoption, a special guardianship order or child arrangements order
- Service children: pupils who meet one of the following criteria:
 - one of their parents is serving in the regular armed forces (including pupils with a parent who is on full commitment as part of the full time reserve service)
 - They have been registered as a 'service child' on a school census since 2016,
 - One of their parents died whilst serving in the armed forces and the pupil receives a pension under the Armed Forces Compensation Scheme or the War Pensions Scheme

For the 2022/2023 financial year PPG allocations are as follows:

Disadvantaged pupils	PPG amount per pupil
Pupils in Reception to Year 6 who are recorded as 'Ever 6 FSM'	£1,385
Pupils in Year 7 to Year 11 who are recorded as 'Ever 6 FSM'	£985
LAC as defined in the Children Act 1989 – children who are in the care of, or provided accommodation by, an English LA	£2,410
PLAC, who have ceased to be looked after by an LA in England or Wales because of adoption, a special guardianship order or a child arrangements order	£2,410
Service children	SPP amount per pupil
Any pupil in Reception to Year 11 with a parent who is serving in HM Forces or has retired on a pension from the Ministry of Defence	£320

Allocations will be based on the October 2021 census.



5. Objectives in spending the pupil premium funding

The school has the following objectives with regards to its use of the PPG:

- To provide additional educational support to raise the achievement of pupils in receipt of the PPG
- To narrow the gap between the educational achievement of these pupils and their peers
- To address underlying inequalities between pupils, as far as possible
- To ensure that the PPG reaches the pupils who are eligible for it
- To make a significant impact on the education and lives of these pupils
- To work in partnership with the parents of pupil to collectively ensure pupils' success

6. How PPG is spent

Due to the highly individual needs of the pupils attending Abbey School, an individualised approach to spending PPG is employed for eligible pupils, however, under the ESFA's terms of the PPG, the school only spends the funding in the following ways:

- For the purposes of the school, i.e. for the educational benefit of pupils registered at the school
- On community facilities whose provision furthers any benefit for pupils at the school

In line with government guidance, the school does not need to spend the PPG so it solely benefits pupils eligible for the grant. The school will use the PPG to support other pupils with identified needs where appropriate.

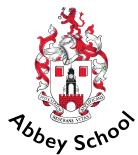
Academically able pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds will be given as much focus as less academically able pupils.

If the school has not spent the PPG within the financial year in which it was allocated, the school will carry the remainder forward to the following financial year. When the school carries PPG funding forward, it continues to only spend the funding in line with the above criteria.

7. Strategy for success

As part of its strategy, the school maximises the use of the PPG by:

- Assigning a pupil premium lead to champion the educational needs of PPG recipients and ensure the implementation of this policy.
- Ensuring PPG funding and spending can be identified within the school's budget.
- Consulting, as necessary and as appropriate, the pupil premium lead, members of the advisory body, staff and parents when deciding how funds are spent.
- Assessing the individual provisions required for each pupil in receipt of the PPG.



The school conducts annual reviews to inform the strategic plan.

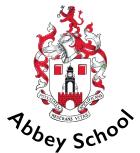
The school explores evidence-based summaries of PPG use, such as the EEF's Teaching and Learning Toolkit, to determine the best use of the funding. The school consults the EEF's Families of Schools Database to learn about effective practice in similar schools. The school makes decisions about PPG spending that demonstrably illustrates its use of evidence-based research.

When researching and implementing PPG use, the school focuses on approaches that:

- Are individually tailored to the strengths and needs of each pupil, and include targeted academic support
- Are consistent (based on agreed core principles and components), but also flexible and responsive.
- Are evidence-based.
- Are focussed on clear short-term goals providing opportunities for pupils to experience success.
- Include regular, high-quality feedback from teaching staff.
- Engage parents in the agreement and evaluation of support arrangements, e.g. via pupil's personal education plans (PEPs).
- Support pupils' transitions through the stages of education, e.g. from primary school to secondary school.
- Raise aspirations through access to high-quality educational experiences.
- Support the quality of teaching, including staff professional development.
- Tackle non-academic barriers to success at school, by supporting good attendance and behaviour and providing social and emotional support.

The school also chooses approaches that emphasise:

- Relationship-building, both with appropriate adults and with pupils' peers.
- An emotionally intelligent approach to the setting of clear behaviour boundaries.
- Increasing pupils' understanding of their emotions and identity.
- Positive reinforcement.
- Building self-esteem.
- Relevance to the learner – the approach relates to pupils' interests and makes success matter to them.
- A joined-up approach involving the pupil's social worker, carer, virtual school head (VSH) and other relevant professionals.
- A child-centred approach to assessment for learning.



8. A tiered approach to PPG spending

The school operates a tiered approach to PPG spending to ensure spending is both balanced and focussed. Spending priorities are as follows:

- 1: Teaching
- 2: Targeted academic support
- 3: Wider strategies

Ensuring effective teaching in every classroom is the priority for PPG spending. To achieve this, the school spends the PPG in the following ways:

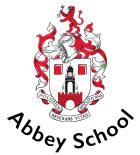
- Professional development
- Recruitment and retention
- Supporting early career teachers

Evidence shows that targeted support has a positive impact and is a key component of effective PPG use. The school spends the PPG on targeted support based on the individual needs of eligible pupils, taking into consideration the highest priority needs for eligible pupils. Examples of targeted support may include:

- Structured interventions, e.g. speech and language support, ELSA support
- Training for parents to ensure consistency in teaching approaches across both home and school settings

Wider strategies are used to overcome non-academic barriers to success. The school spends the PPG on the following wider strategies:

- Behaviour support
- Therapy support during extended periods of school closure which may be difficult for pupils and their families and lead to a reduction or regression in skills e.g. over the summer break
- Purchasing AAC devices for pupils to use at home to maximise communication opportunities across settings



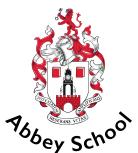
9. Use of the LAC and PLAC premiums

The LAC premium is managed by the LA's designated VSH.

The premium will be used to benefit a pupil's educational needs as described in their PEP. To avoid any delays in providing support, the school works with the VSH to ensure that funding allocation is as simple as possible.

The LAC premium is used to facilitate a wide range of educational support for LAC. The designated teacher and carers work with the VSH to gain a full understanding of each pupil's needs and determine how to use the premium to support each pupil effectively. The designated teacher works with the VSH to ensure that all available funding is spent.

PLAC premium is allocated directly to the school. LAC premium and PLAC premium is not treated as personal budgets for individual pupils; however, the VSH and the school may choose to allocate an amount of funding to an individual to support their needs.



10. Example interventions

The school may utilise the following achievement-focussed interventions:

- Providing one-to-one and small group work with experienced staff to address pupils' specific knowledge gaps
- Creating additional teaching and learning opportunities using one-to-one learning mentors
- Delivering targeted English and Maths interventions for pupils not making expected progress in these areas

The school may utilise the following teaching-focussed interventions:

- Additional CPD training staff focused on needs of eligible pupils
- Weekly individual coaching sessions to support teachers

The school may utilise the following wellbeing-focussed interventions:

- One-to-one counselling sessions
- Occupational therapy-based interventions
- Allocating funds to enable pupils to participate in extra-curricular activities
- Additional therapeutic services e.g. music therapy, art therapy

The school may utilise the following communication-focussed interventions:

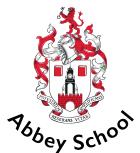
- Vocabulary and speech and language interventions for pupils with poor oral language and communication skills
- Transport for parents to attend annual reviews
- Support for pupils to access a range of off-site trips and experiences

11. Use of the service pupil premium (SPP)

The school will use the SPP to give pastoral support to service children during challenging times and mitigate the negative impact of family mobility or parental deployment.

Pupils qualify for the SPP if they meet at least one of the following criteria:

- They have a parent serving in the regular armed forces
- They have been registered as a 'service child' on the January school census at any point since 2015 (known as the 'Ever 6 service child measure')
- They have a parent who died whilst serving in the armed forces and the pupil receives a pension under the armed forces compensation scheme or the war pensions scheme
- They have a parent who is on full commitment as part of the full-time reserve service



The school does not combine the SPP with any other form of PPG. SPP spending is accounted for separately to any other form of PPG. The school may use the SPP for:

- Providing pastoral support in the form of counselling, nurture groups, clubs, etc.
- Improving the means of communication between the pupil and their deployed parent(s), such as introducing a 'video call club'.
- Helping pupils to develop scrapbooks and diaries that can be shown to their parent(s) on their return.
- Funding staff hours spent assisting the pupil when they join a new school as a result of a new posting.
- School trips specifically for service children, such as military-specific trips that allow pupils to join a wider community and better understand the role their service parent plays.

The school does not use the SPP to subsidise routine school activities.

12. Accountability

Individual targets are set for each pupil in receipt of the PPG and their progress towards achieving these targets is analysed at the end of interventions. The progress of pupils in receipt of the PPG is regularly discussed with teachers.

Ofsted inspections will report on the attainment and progress of disadvantaged pupils in receipt of the PPG. The school is held to account for the spending of the PPG through the focus in Ofsted inspections on the progress and attainment of the wider pupil premium-eligible cohort.

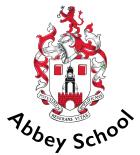
13. Reporting

The Principal reports annually to the advisory body and parents regarding how effective PPG spending has been and what impact has been made. The impact of PPG spending, in terms of improving educational outcomes and cost effectiveness, is monitored, evaluated, and reviewed by the headteacher and the governing board.

The EEF's [DIY Evaluation Guide](#) is used to measure the impact of the school's spending.

At the time of writing this policy, the school is only in receipt of PPG for one pupil. Information regarding PPG spending is therefore not published on the school website as this may lead to the identification of pupils in receipt of the grant.

For parents of pupils in receipt of PPG, details of the pupil's academic progress and behaviour are sent home in their reports. This information informs the development of additional or alternative strategies and interventions to further improve the attainment of these pupils.



14. Pupil premium reviews

If disadvantaged pupils are not meeting expected levels, or slow progress means they are failing to realise their full potential, the school will consider undertaking a pupil premium review to objectively evaluate the pupil premium strategy and identify ways to use the PPG more effectively.

If requested to do so by Ofsted, the LA, or the DfE, the school will commission a pupil premium review.

The school undertakes reviews in partnership with an experienced, independent system leader with a proven track record in improving outcomes for disadvantaged pupils.

The cost of the review reflects the DfE's guideline that says day rates for external reviews should reflect pay and expenses for a senior leader, including any costs incurred by their school to release them. Where costs are prohibitive, the school considers the use of a joint review with local schools. The school may pay an additional cost for the brokerage service providing the reviewer.

In advance of the review, the school completes sections 1-4 of the Pupil Premium Review Self-Evaluation Form available in the appendices.

At the end of the review, the school has an improved strategy and plans to implement it. This strategy and these plans are shared with all relevant stakeholders.

15. Overpayments

The school repays any overpayment of the PPG.



16. Roles and responsibilities

16.1. Proprietor

The proprietor is accountable for all matters relating to the pupil premium fund. The proprietor delegates strategic and operational responsibility for overseeing the pupil premium fund to the Principal and Senior Leadership Team.

16.2. Principal and Senior Leadership Team

The Principal and senior leadership team are responsible for:

- Ensuring the day-to-day implementation of this policy.
- Appointing an appropriately experienced and knowledgeable pupil premium lead at the school.
- Liaising with the advisory body to ensure the school's strategies and activities regarding pupil premium align with the school's wider School Development Plan.
- Working with the pupil premium lead to ensure the school spends the PPG funding effectively and in a way which aligns with the school's overall pupil premium strategy.
- Ensuring the school publishes its Pupil Premium Impact Statement, as required.
- Ensuring the school meets the requirements to publish information regarding the PPG on the school website, as required.
- Ensuring the school census is completed accurately.
- Ensuring personal data of pupils eligible for the PPG is stored, processed and shared in line with the school's GDPR Policy.

16.3. Pupil Premium Lead

- Undertaking the day-to-day implementation of this policy.
- Ensuring the school spends its PPG funding to provide support to all eligible pupils.
- Working with the Principal and other relevant staff members to draw up the Pupil Premium Impact Statement.
- Liaising with parents regarding any questions or concerns about the PPG.
- Monitoring the effectiveness of the school's PPG strategy as it operates on a day-to-day basis.
- Working with the Principal and other relevant staff members to implement suitable, effective and evidence-based interventions for eligible pupils to support their academic and personal progress at school.
- In combination with the Principal, conducting research into evidence-based strategies for effective use of PPG funding, and demonstrably applying this research in the school's own strategy.



16.4. Advisory body

The Advisory body role is to provide strategic support, challenge and accountability. The advisory body is responsible for:

- Ensuring the effectiveness of this policy.
- Ensuring the school meets its statutory duties with regards to the use of the pupil premium grant (PPG).
- Maintaining robust oversight of the school's financial affairs.
- Liaising with the Principal to ensure the school's strategies and activities regarding pupil premium align with the school's wider School Development Plan.
- Scrutinising the school's plans for, and use of, its pupil premium funding, including reading and reviewing the school's Pupil Premium Impact Statement.

16.5. All staff

All school staff are responsible for:

- Implementing this policy on a day-to-day basis
- Setting high expectations for all pupils, including those eligible for the pupil premium
- Identifying pupils whose attainment is not improving in response to interventions funded by the pupil premium, and highlighting these individuals to the senior leadership team
- Sharing insights into effective practice with other school staff

17. Monitoring and review

The Principal, PPG Lead and SBM are responsible for reviewing this policy annually.

Any changes to this policy will be communicated to all relevant stakeholders.

The next scheduled review date is July 2024.

Pupil Premium Review Self-Evaluation Form

1. Summary information					
Staff member completing this form:		Signature:		Date:	
Year:		Total PPG budget:		Date of most recent PPG review:	
Total number of pupils:		Number of pupils eligible for PPG:		Date for next internal strategy review:	
2. Current attainment					
[Use your established alternative to the levels below. As part of your full strategy, you should also consider results for specific groups of pupils (such as particular year groups or minority groups) as well as the headline figures presented here. If you have very small pupil numbers, you may wish to present three-year averages here.]	Pupils eligible for the PPG in the school	National average			
% of pupils achieving expected standard or above in reading, writing, and mathematics					
% of pupils making expected progress in reading (as measured in the school)					
% of pupils making expected progress in writing (as measured in the school)					
% of pupils making expected progress in mathematics (as measured in the school)					
3. Barriers to future attainment					
Data sources that can help you identify barriers to attainment in your school include: Get Information About Schools (GIAS); the Education Endowment Fund (EEF) Families of Schools Database ; FFT Aspire ; staff and pupil consultation; attendance records; recent Ofsted reports and guidance.					

Academic barriers

[Identify barriers that need to be addressed in-school, as well as external factors such as home learning environment and low attendance.]

A

B

C

Additional barriers

D

4. Intended outcomes

Outcome

Success criteria

5. Review of expenditure

Quality of teaching for all

Action	Intended outcome(s)	Estimated impact: Did you meet the success criteria? (Include impact on pupils)	Lessons learned (and whether you will continue this approach)	Cost (£)
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		not eligible for the PPG, if appropriate)		
Targeted support				
Action	Intended outcome(s)	Estimated impact: Did you meet the success criteria? (Include impact on pupils not eligible for the PPG, if appropriate)	Lessons learned (and whether you will continue this approach)	Cost (£)
Other approaches				
Action	Intended outcome(s)	Estimated impact: Did you meet the success criteria? (Include impact on pupils not eligible for the PPG, if appropriate)	Lessons learned (and whether you will continue this approach)	Cost (£)

6. Planned expenditure					
Quality of teaching for all					
Action	Intended outcome(s)	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is effectively implemented?	Staff lead	When will you review implementation?
		[Effective practice is to combine professional knowledge with robust evidence about approaches that are known to be effective. You may wish to consult external evidence sources such as the EEF Teaching and Learning Toolkit , the National Foundation for Educational Research (NfER) report on supporting the attainment of disadvantaged]			

		<u>pupils, Ofsted's 2013 report on the pupil premium and Ofsted's 2014 report on pupil premium progress.]</u>			
Total budgeted cost (£):					
Targeted support					
Action	Intended outcome(s)	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is effectively implemented?	Staff lead	When will you review implementation?
Total budgeted cost (£):					
Other approaches					
Action	Intended outcome(s)	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is effectively implemented?	Staff lead	When will you review implementation?

Total budgeted cost (£):					
7. Additional detail [Use this section to annex or refer to additional information which you have used to support the sections above.]					